

New York, Jan. 19.—Silver, 56 3/8c; lead, \$5.90; spelter not quoted; copper firm, electrolytic \$24.00 @ \$24.75.

WEATHER—Utah: Tonight Local Snow and Cold; Thursday Generally Fair.

Villa Bandits Raid Camps and Attack U. S. Soldiers at Border

NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN AUSTRIA AND MONTENEGRO BROKEN OFF

Conditions of Surrender Imposed by Austria Unacceptable—King, Royal Family and Diplomatic Corps to Leave for Italy—New Offensive Movement by Russians Starts East of Czernowitz—Austrians Claim Repulse of Four Successive Attacks—Fighting on the Yser.

London, Jan. 19, 3:43 p. m.—Harold J. Tennant, parliamentary under-secretary for war, announced in the house of commons this afternoon that the total German casualties as published in the Berlin casualty lists to date, total 2,535,768. Of this number he said 588,986 were killed.

The war under-secretary said the German wounded and missing numbered 1,566,549 while 356,153 men had been taken prisoner. In addition 24,080 Germans had died from various causes.

Paris, Jan. 19, via London, 2:15 p. m.—The following official statement was issued today:

"The wireless news of the surrender of the Montenegrin army appears somewhat premature. It is now announced from another source that negotiations between Austria and Montenegro have been broken, the conditions of surrender imposed by Austria having been found quite unacceptable by Montenegro.

"The king, the royal family and the diplomatic corps are about to proceed to Italy."

London, Jan. 19, 4:30 p. m.—The steamship Marere has been sunk. Her crew was rescued.

The Marere of 6,443 tons gross, was owned in London. She was 450 feet long and was built in Belfast in 1902. No records of her recent movements are available.

Berlin, Jan. 19, by Wireless to Sayville.—A new offensive movement has been inaugurated by the Russians to the east of Czernowitz near the Besarabian frontier. The official Austrian statement of today says the Russians made four successive attacks at several places but were repulsed.

"Western theater: On the Yser front a small German detachment advanced into the enemy trenches and captured one machine gun. There have been mining operations by both sides on the front west of Lille and as far south as the Somme river.

"During the night enemy airmen dropped bombs on Metz. So far only material damage has been reported.

"An enemy aeroplane fell this morning southwest of Thioncourt. One of the occupants was killed."

The statement follows:

New Battle Begun.

"On the eastern front yesterday was calm. This morning a new battle was begun near Toporoutz and Reyan on the frontier east of Czernowitz. At several places the enemy made four successive attacks but was repulsed everywhere.

"Italian front: Weak detachments of Italian troops were repulsed near Lusern and north of the bridgehead at Tolmino.

"Balkan front: A delayed report from Virhazar stated that twenty steel cannon were taken there."

Turks Repulse Russians.

Constantinople now announces that the Ottoman armies repulsing the Russian advance in the Caucasus have been reinforced and have checked the Russians along the entire front. Grand Duke Nicholas' forces have suffered severely, according to the Turkish statement which claims that only slight changes in position have been effected by the Russian operations.

On the other hand a Petrograd official statement claims that the campaign in the Caucasus is developing favorably to the Russians who have taken strong Turkish positions.

Good progress also is being made in the Russian campaign in Persia, Petrograd declares.

New Light in Greece.

Little new light has been thrown upon happenings in Greece, whence reports of strongly aggressive movements on the part of the entente powers have come through German sources. A London dispatch says the British foreign office believes the German reports to be unfounded.

Situation Favors Turks.

Constantinople, Jan. 19, via Amsterdam and London, 10:02 a. m.—The following official statement was issued at Turkish army headquarters: "Caucasian front: The Russians who sustained considerable losses in consequence of our violent attacks and owing to our reinforcements, were compelled to abandon their attacks along the entire front. Despite eight days of very violent offensive operations by superior enemy forces, the situation, apart from slight changes, remains favorable to us. There is otherwise no new development."

Finance Ministers to Meet.

London, Jan. 19, 9:05 a. m.—The Exchange Telegraph company's Amsterdam correspondent says that a conference of the finance ministers of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria will be held next week in Vienna. The chief purpose of the conference, it is said, is the discussion of the financial position of the

They claim that the present directors have refused to press such a suit because of friendliness for their predecessors and that the present directors have caused the corporation to defend the pending suit.

TRUNK FULL OF GIFTS FOR WILSONS

Washington, Jan. 19.—P. H. Chadbourne, representing the Belgian relief commission, brought to the White House today a trunk full of simple presents, today filed an amendment to their suit seeking the right to proceed in the name of the corporation itself.

They claim that the present directors have refused to press such a suit because of friendliness for their predecessors and that the present directors have caused the corporation to defend the pending suit.

ONLY THREE RINKS ARE UNDEFEATED

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 19.—Only three rinks of the sixty entered in the Northwestern Curling Bouspiel remained undefeated this morning. They are the Redford rink of Phillips, Wis., the Dunlop rink of Duluth and the Brewer-Whyte rink of Duluth. Redford's men have won seven games and the other rinks have won six games apiece. Play in the five men game is now down to the sixteens.

Read it.

—H. F. S.—The Master Salesman.

These are perennial home questions. Subjects may vary with the temperature or season but the form is the same.

What is the best thing to get, and where is the best place to buy it?

When can I choose to the best advantage?

It is the purpose of the advertising in The Standard to answer these questions.

This advertising is written and printed to supply the very wants that are in your mind.

Read it.

—H. F. S.—The Master Salesman.

Teutonic allies and the adoption of measures to meet certain contingencies.

Berlin, Jan. 19, via London.—The German army headquarters staff today gave out the following statement: "Eastern theater: There is nothing to report except that a German air squadron attacked enemy storage depots and an aerial port at Tarnopol. Balkan theater: The situation is unchanged."

Paris, Jan. 19, via London, 2:16 p. m.—The communication issued this afternoon by the war department says: "There is nothing to report since the preceding official communication."

Kaiser Meets Bulgarian King.

London, Jan. 19, 2:35 p. m.—A dispatch received by Reuter's Telegram company says that Emperor William met King Ferdinand of Bulgaria in Nish, Serbia, yesterday. This information was forwarded from Nish by way of Berlin.

"The monarchs greeted each other cordially," the despatch says, "and then reviewed from the citadel a procession of Bulgarian, Macedonian and German troops."

"The emperor presented King Ferdinand with a field marshal's baton and the king appointed the emperor's honorary commander of a Bulgarian infantry regiment."

"In the emperor's retinue were General von Falkenhayn, chief of the general staff, Field Marshal von Mackensen, Adjutant Generals von Plessen, von Chelius and von Lyncker and Admiral von Mueller. King Ferdinand was accompanied by Princess Boris and Cyril, Premier Radoslavoff and others."

Official announcement was made in Berlin Sunday that Emperor William had recovered his health completely and had returned to the front.

London, Jan. 19, 3:58 p. m.—Harold J. Tennant, parliamentary under-secretary for war, stated in the house of commons this afternoon that he thought a quarter, or an eighth, of the two million pounds sterling attributed in the Turkish reports as the value of the booty left when the British evacuated Gallipoli peninsula, would cover everything left behind.

Berlin, Jan. 19, by Wireless to Sayville.—An association has been formed in Hamburg under the name of Inero-American Society. Its purpose is to promote cultural relations with South and Central America, Spain and Portugal. Dr. Schardel has been elected president.

Liner Beached on Shoal.

Gravesend, Jan. 19, 4:47 p. m.—The Ryndam is beached on a muddy shoal about five miles below Gravesend. No one is permitted to approach the vessel. Even the ship's officers are not permitted to come ashore except for the purpose of consulting officials of the steamship company. No lights are permitted at night on the deck.

Apparently there is no prospect that the vessel will be re-floated for several days.

The American consul said after an investigation that he was satisfied that none of the three stokers who were killed was an American citizen.

Must Retain Border Guard.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Senator Ashurst of Arizona told President Wilson today that all the American troops along the Mexican border should be kept there. He spoke particularly of the situation in Douglas, Ariz., where he said the troops were much needed to protect property.

Capture Not Reported.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 19.—General John J. Pershing, commanding the Eighth brigade, United States army, had received up to noon no information concerning the reported capture of seven American cavalrymen by Mexican bandits near Hachita, New Mexico. Railroad officials at Hachita, in answer to messages, declared they had heard nothing of the reported fight.

FRENCH AND BRITISH HOLD CONFERENCE

London, Jan. 19, 5:37 p. m.—Members of the French and British governments held another war conference this afternoon in Downing street. France was represented by Premier Briand, Jules Cambon, general under-secretary of the foreign ministry, and Alexandre Millerand, former minister of war. For the British government Premier Asquith, War Secretary Kitchener, Foreign Secretary Grey and First Lord of the Admiralty Balfour were present.

A number of French and British military and naval officers also attended the meeting. Further plans for active prosecution of the war were discussed.

ROOSEVELT'S NIECE HELD BY POLICE

London, Jan. 19, 1:46 p. m.—Miss Ethelyn Lalande of New York who claims to be a niece of Theodore Roosevelt, has been detained by the police for an examination into her sanity.

Miss Lalande came here on war relief work.

New York, Jan. 19.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. when informed that Miss Ethelyn Lalande was being detained in London, said he had never heard of the woman before and that he was certain she was not related to his family.

SEVEN SOLDIERS TAKEN AT BORDER

Squad of Seventh U. S. Cavalry Captured in Fight with Mexican Bandits.

TROOPS ARE IN PURSUIT

Cowboys Scouring Surrounding Country in Search of Outlaws—Eyewitness Makes Escape.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 19.—Six bandits believed to be Mexicans were attacked and pursued last night by United States cavalrymen stationed at Doyle's Wells, fourteen miles south of Hachita. In a brief skirmish one cavalry horse was killed, but no one was hurt according to a report brought to Hachita by a man named Lee and received here.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 19.—The Parral camp of the Alvarado Mining company was raided by Villa bandits, who killed the company cook wounded the watchman who was said to be an American and looted the company store, according to reports received here by mining company officials today.

Douglas, Arizona, Jan. 19.—Seven soldiers of the Seventh United States cavalry were captured early today by Mexican bandits at Doyle Wells, fourteen miles south of Hachita, N. M., according to reports received here. The surrounding country was scoured by cowboys hunting the bandits.

News of the capture of the soldiers was telephoned here from Hachita early today. The message said that a cowboy, named Doolittle, had arrived there with the news shortly after midnight.

Doolittle said he had seen the fight between the soldiers and Mexican bandits and had escaped unnoticed by the Mexicans.

Fifty cavalrymen were sent from Hachita to aid in the pursuit.

At the headquarters here of the second United States cavalry brigade it was stated that no advices had been received concerning the reported capture of seven United States soldiers by Mexican bandits, near Hachita, N. M.

All efforts were being made to verify the statements of a cowboy named Doolittle which were received here from Hachita by telephone concerning the capture.

Three soldiers and a number of mining men, resident at Doyle's Wells, are said to have participated in the skirmish. The bandits, according to Lee, retreated into Mexico.

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THREAT TO KILL READ IN COURT

Alleged Letter Written by Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr Introduced by Prosecution.

JEALOUSY WAS MOTIVE

Witness Claims Woman Hired Couple of Thugs to Murder Her Husband.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 19.—A letter containing a threat to kill Miss Emily Berger and alleged to have been written by Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr, who is on trial for the murder of her husband Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, was introduced by the prosecution today. George W. Rooks also testified that Mrs. Mohr told him she could hire a couple of thugs to kill her husband.

Miss Berger, who was wounded when Mohr was shot, was his private secretary and the state claims that jealousy of her husband was one of the motives that led Mrs. Mohr to employ Cecil Brown and Henry Shellman, negroes, to murder her husband.

Witness Cross-examined.

Rooks is a brother-in-law of Miss Berger. On cross-examination he denied that he had been jealous of the physician's attentions to Miss Berger or had tried to prejudice Mrs. Mohr against her husband.

Rooks first identified a postcard Mrs. Mohr wrote him warning him to keep his sister-in-law away from her husband. He then identified a letter he received from Mrs. Mohr on December 3, 1913. It was allowed to go into the record over the objection of counsel for the defense.

It read in part:

"My son Charles has told me that his father has taken him three times to call on Miss Berger. I am going to get after her. She is not going to get the best of me. I will kill her before I'm through with the whole matter. She is a low person, when she won't listen to a good woman like me, who asks her to stay away from my husband. She will be sorry before many days.

Sister-in-Law Deceiving.

"I just want to let you know your sister-in-law is deceiving you. I'm not going to put up with it. Please look into the matter and don't let her jolly you. I give you fair warning."

Rooks told of conversations he had with Mrs. Mohr between December 1913 and June 1914 and said she had expressed herself as very bitter toward her husband.

"She said she could hire a couple of thugs to murder her husband," he said. "She also said she hoped he would get killed by his automobile."

In response to questions by the prosecution, the witness stated that Mrs. Mohr had said Miss Berger would never live to marry her husband, that she would kill her first. He said Mrs. Mohr had said she would give her husband a divorce if he would give her \$30,000 and the Midletown estate. He said he went to see Arthur Cushing, one of Mrs. Mohr's attorneys, about the threats.

On cross-examination, the witness denied that he had told Mrs. Mohr in 1912 he could control Miss Berger.

"Didn't you meet Mrs. Mohr on Elmwood avenue and didn't she tell you she loved her husband and didn't you tell her: 'A nice girl like you shouldn't waste your time with a fellow like him'?"

"No sir."

Doctor Beat Mrs. Mohr.

"Did you, Mrs. Mohr, tell you she called upon Miss Berger and asked her to stop going around with her husband and that Miss Berger had promised to keep away, and didn't Miss Berger tell Dr. Mohr and didn't Mrs. Mohr tell you that as a consequence the doctor beat her?"

"I think she showed me some marks."

Rooks denied that he had tried to get Mrs. Mohr to go to dinner with him, or that he had told her Dr. Mohr was a scoundrel and he would "like to put a couple of bullets into him."

STEAMER WITH BAD RECORD SOLD AGAIN

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—The American steamer Edna, which as the German steamer Mazatlan figured in several federal investigations into alleged violations of neutrality, was sold today to a Norwegian firm for \$252,000, according to shipping reports. Four months ago she was sold for \$115,000.

The Mazatlan was owned by Captain Fred Jebson of the German navy, recently reported killed on a submarine. She came to the attention of customs officials through the delivery of coal to lighters in the harbor of Guaymas, Sonora. The coal reached the German cruiser Leipzig. Later the Mazatlan figured in other adventures along the Pacific coast, finally being held at Ensenada, Lower California, for fines imposed by Mexican authorities.

S. P. TO CONTINUE

WESSELS ON COAST

Washington, Jan. 19.—Application of the Southern Pacific Railroad company to continue operation of oil steamers on the Pacific coast through its interest in the Associated Oil company, despite the Panama canal act, was approved today by the interstate commerce commission.

WHITMAN GRANTS EXTRADITION.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The application of officers from Cleveland for the extradition of Louis Bianchetti, arrested here Saturday charged with the murder of Dolores Evens at Cleveland, was granted by Governor Whitman today.

FLOODS ISOLATE WINTER RESORT

Long Beach, California, Converted into Island by Three to Eight Feet of Water.

GAS SUPPLY SHUT OFF

Rivers in Arizona Overflow Banks and Hundreds of Workmen Patrol Levees.

Long Beach, Calif., Jan. 19.—Surrounded on north, east and west by flood waters, and faced by the Pacific ocean, Long Beach, a summer and winter resort of 40,000 souls, has been temporarily converted into an island, with its industrial section in the lowlands covered with from three to eight feet of water.

Computers to Los Angeles were obliged to change cars today and walk single file in a driving downpour of rain over a weakened trestle of the Pacific Electric company's road, while a torrent of tumbling muddy water roared below them.

Gas Supply Shut Off.

The city's natural gas supply was shut off late last night and artificial gas was substituted. A launch and barge were sunk at the municipal wharf with a loss estimated at \$3,500.

Jesus Martinez and his eight children were rescued when floods carried away their house.

Floods Endanger Arizona.

Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 19.—Six feet of water was flowing over Roosevelt dam today, reports received here said. This overflow added greatly to the flood danger from Salt river. The Gila river also was out of its banks.

Hundreds of workmen patrolled the levee southeast of here to prevent a break which would send the waters into the lower sections of Phoenix.

S. P. Traffic Opened.

Los Angeles, Cal. Jan. 19.—Southern Pacific traffic along the coast and San Joaquin valley lines was opened today, reports received here said, after having more or less interrupted by floods and landslides for two days. Wealthy easterners trying to get in or out of Santa Barbara, a coast resort, were able to do so, although those coming into this city from the east, including Frederick W. Vanderbilt and a party, were still crawling across the desert today, having been storm-bound since Monday. Sixteen washouts on various roads are reported in the first 125 miles east of Los Angeles.

Debris in the Arroyo Seco, a big gully in the northern part of Los Angeles, was dynamited today to prevent flooding.

Rain began falling again and people began fearing further floods. Communication was established again with San Diego today which has been cut off except by wireless and sea since Monday.

SERBS ARRIVE ON GREEK LINER

Three Hundred Refugees and Families Reach New York—Twenty Sent to Hospital.

CARRY TYPHUS VERMIN

Reservists Returning to United States After Answering Early Call to Colors.

New York, Jan. 19.—The Greek liner Vasilifes Constantinos arrived here today from Athens with 300 Serbian refugees and their families on board. As soon as the liner reached quarantine the twenty of the Serbians were taken off and sent to the quarantine hospital.

Most of the refugees were said to be reservists who were living in this country at the outbreak of the war and were summoned back to the colors. There were also on board seven members of the University of Columbia's Red Cross society, who were returning from Serbia.

The physicians later announced that the twenty persons removed were afflicted with typhus of the type that carries typhus and would be kept under observation.

WIFE MURDERER GIVEN SENTENCE

Frederick T. Price Gets Life Imprisonment at Hard Labor for Killing Mary Fridley Price.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 19.—Frederick T. Price, businessman of this city, convicted of murdering his third wife, Mary Fridley Price, for her fortune, was sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor by Judge Daniel Fish in district court here today.

MULTI LAW TEST POSTPONED.

Keokuk, Ia., Jan. 19.—The hearing in Phil Nicol's test case of the repeal of the multi law, set for today was postponed. The new date was not set.

CUMMINS WOULD ELIMINATE GRAFT

Iowa Senator Urges Manufacture of All War Munitions By Government Plants.

SHOULD ACT PROMPTLY

Would Make It Impossible for Any Man or Firm to Make Money Out of War.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Elimination of private profit as an influence for war by government manufacture of all war munitions was urged in the senate today by Senator Cummins of Iowa, Republican. He pleaded for prompt adoption of his measure which would authorize a special committee to inquire into the most feasible plan for acquiring and constructing plants to supply the army and navy with all arms, ammunition and equipment, including warships and to report on the legislation necessary to prevent private manufacture of such products.

"I agree that war may come to this country," Senator Cummins declared, "but if it comes it must be the result of the calm, dispassionate, loyal purpose to meet the awful scourge because there is no other way of defending our civilization, our institutions and our honor."

"I do not assert that every person or corporation which may profit from war would locate war, but I do assert that all such persons and associations are not competent to judge the controversies which may lead to conflict and inasmuch as they cannot be removed from the great panel of the republic, they ought to be removed from the business out of which the interest grows. It ought to be made impossible, so far as the power of the government is concerned, for any man or corporation to make money out of war."

Present Attitude of Arms Makers.

"In this critical moment what is the attitude of the makers of arms and munitions? Without exception so far as I know they are insisting upon the most comprehensive program which it is possible to conceive and they are employing through all the channels and all the instrumentalities which would public thought, all the reserves at their command, for a completeness of preparation that would turn this country into a military camp and practically destroy all ambition, save the ambition to overcome by force of arms the entire world."

Effect of European War.

Emphasizing the effect of the European war on private munition makers in the United States, he told the senate that since the war began there had been 174 new corporations organized in this country for the manufacture of munitions and the value of arms and munitions exported in fifteen months had aggregated \$161,964,278.

He submitted a table showing the following estimates of the amount of war contracts of some of the larger corporations:

Corporation Contracts.

American Car and Foundry \$35,000,000; American Locomotive, \$66,000,000; American Steel Foundry, \$15,000,000; Baldwin Locomotive Works, \$100,000,000; Bethlehem Steel company, 11,000 shells per day together with field guns and other like arms; Colorado Fuel & Iron company, 35,000 tons of steel rods; Crucible Steel of America, \$10,500,000; General Electric \$68,000,000; Westinghouse Airbrake, \$20,242,000; Westinghouse Airbrake, \$20,000,000.

Manufacturing company, \$100,000,000. "This does not include," the senator continued, "the contracts of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing company of shrapnel shells or the Du Pont Powder company of explosives or the Electric Storage Battery company or the General Chemical company or the General Motors company, or of the Lackawanna Steel company, or of the Tennessee Copper company, all of which are immense concerns and have been largely engaged in the same general business."

FIFTY FAMILIES MADE HOMELESS

Eleven Buildings in Passaic Business Section Swept By Fire—People Driven From Beds.

Passaic, N. J., Jan. 19.—Fifty families were made homeless and eleven buildings, including the Passaic hotel and Passaic Opera House, were destroyed with a loss estimated at \$250,000 by a fire in the business part of this city early today.

The flames were fanned by a cold wind and there was considerable suffering among those driven from their beds. One man was injured.

Fire Sweeps Corning.

Corning, N. J., Jan. 19.—A large section of the business district of Galeton, Pa., was destroyed by fire today. The flames